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ADAPTED TO

GRIMSHAW'S HISTORY

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

REVISED AND IMPROVED.

PHILADELPHIA;
STEREOTYPED FOR THE AUTHOR,
BY J. HOWE.
1824.

PRICE—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

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QUESTIONS

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Eastern District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

BE IT REMEMBERED, That on the fifteenth day of March, in the forty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America, A. D. 1824, WILLIAM GRIMSHAW, of the said District, hath deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as Author, in the words following, to wit:

L. S.

"Questions adapted to Grimshaw's History of the United States: Revised and Improved."

In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, "An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned;"—And also to the Act, entitled, "An Act supplementary to an Act, entitled, "An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned," and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching historical and other prints."

D. CALDWELL, *Clerk of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.*

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QUESTIONS.

☞ *The figures in the first column denote the number of the Question; those in the second, refer to the page of the History, from which the student is to frame the Answer.*

*** *The questions distinguished by an asterisk, (*) refer to the chief subjects—which should be particularly remembered—and might advantageously become the object of a second course of study, or review; omitting those which are unmarked, as being of minor importance.*

CHAPTER I.

Q.	P.	
1.	6.	At what period, did Pythagoras live?
2.	6.	What was his theory respecting the sun?
3.	6.	What theory did he form, respecting the earth?
4.	6.	Is this system of Pythagoras adopted as true?
5.	6.	At what period, did Philolaus live?
6.	6.	What was his opinion respecting the motion of the earth?
7.	6.	When did Hycetas live?
8.	6.	What was his system?
9.	6.	When did Ptolemy the Egyptian live?
10.	6.	What record, did Ptolemy transmit, concerning his own astronomical observations, and those of his predecessors?
11.	6.	How, and at what time, was this work saved from destruction?
12.	6.	Of what place, was Muller a native?
13.	6.	When did he die?
14.	6.	What instrument, useful in astronomical observations, did he invent?
15.	7.	What knowledge had the ancients respecting the properties of the magnet?
16.	7.	Who were the most enterprising navigators of antiquity?

Q.	P.	
17.	7.	What guide, had they, in steering their vessels?
18.	7.	How far, did they extend their voyages?
19.	7.	Where, did they land the cargoes which they brought from India and Africa?
20.	7.	To what port on the Mediterranean, did they thence convey their merchandise, by land?
21.	7.	To what port, did they re-ship them?
22.	8.	How far, did the Carthaginians extend their voyages, to the north?
23.	8.	How far, did they extend their voyages, to the south?
24.	8.	What islands did they discover?
25.	8.	What is related respecting the subsequent voyages of Hanno?
26.	8.	What is related of Himilco?
27.	8.	What is said respecting a Phenician fleet, prepared by one of the kings of Egypt?
28.	8.	When is the voyage by the Phenicians supposed to have been made?
29.	8.	Were the particulars of those voyages published, for the information of mankind?
30.	8.	What commerce was pursued by the states of Greece?
31.	8.	By what means, was their knowledge of geography extended?
32.	8.	Were the Romans more remarkable than the Greeks, for their geographical knowledge?
33.	9.	What erroneous theory, which checked the spirit of practical research, did the ancients entertain, concerning the habitable globe?
34.	9.	By what event, was the small degree of geographical knowledge, possessed by the Greeks and Romans, nearly lost?
35.	9.	What great city escaped the destructive rage

Q.	P.	
		of the northern barbarians, and preserved the ancient arts and discoveries?
36.	9.	In which of the Italian sea-ports, did the commercial spirit first revive?
37.	10.	What served to hasten their commercial progress?
38.	10.	In what year, did the crusades commence?
39.	10.	How long did the intercourse, arising from the crusades, subsist?
40.	10.	When, is it generally believed, that the polarity of the magnet, or its tendency of pointing to the poles, was discovered?
41.	10.	To whom, is the discovery generally attributed?
42.	10.	Is not the claim of Gioia, to that discovery, disputed?
43.	10.	At what earlier period, does the polarity of the magnet appear to have been known?
44.	10.	But, is there not *some* merit justly owing to Gioia?
45.	11.	How did the discovery of that property in the magnet, and the consequent invention of the mariner's compass, act, in extending the limits of navigation?
46.	11.	What people offered the first example of increasing confidence at sea?
47.	11.	What islands did the Spaniards re-discover?
48.	11.	After the Spaniards, what people made the next considerable effort, in extending the boundaries of navigation?
49.	11.	What distant island did the Portuguese first reach?
50.	11.	In what year, did they reach Madeira?
51.	11.	What islands did they next discover?
52.	11.	What was their next discovery?

Q.	P.	
53.	11.	In what year, did they cross the equinoctial line?
54.	11.	What was the chief object of their researches along the African coast?
55.	12.	To what navigator was intrusted the attainment of that object?
56.	12.	Mention the promontory descried by Diaz.
57.	12.	Was the Cape of Good Hope passed by Diaz?
58.	12.	What is the next naval achievement mentioned in the history you are now studying?
59.*	12.	By whom, was America discovered?
60.*	12.	Of what country, was Columbus a native?
61.*	13.	What object was Columbus pursuing, when he made that great discovery?
62.	13.	Upon what system, did he found his conjecture, that he could reach India by steering a *western* course?
63.	13.	Did those opinions rest merely on conjecture?
64.	13.	What evidences appeared to support his theory?
65.*	14.	By whom, was Columbus aided in his enterprise?
66.	15.	From what port, did he sail; and with how many vessels?
67.*	16.	In what year did he discover America?
68.*	16.	What land, in the New World, did he first reach?
69.	17.	What other islands, did he, in that voyage, discover?
70.	17.	Did he then suppose that these islands were adjacent to a new continent?
71.	17.	What evidences did he now adduce in support of his opinion, that they belonged to India?
72.	17.	Was this idea of Columbus—that he had reached India—adopted?

Q.	P.	
73.	17.	But, after the error was detected, has that title been continued?
74.	17.	What are the aboriginal inhabitants named?
75.*	17.	When did Columbus reach the *continent* of America?
76.*	17.	At what places, on the continent, did he land?
77.*	17.	Was the continent, discovered by Columbus, named after himself?
78.*	17.	After whom was it named?
79.*	17.	Of what place, was Vespucci a native?
80.*	17.	What opportunity had Amerigo Vespucci, to deprive Columbus of his merited honour?
81.*	18.	You mentioned, that, when searching for a passage to India, by the east, Diaz had described the Cape of Good Hope:—when was that promontory passed?
82.*	18.	By whom, was it passed?
83.*	18.	By whom, was De Gamo employed?
84.*	18.	Was that passage effected before, or after, the discovery of America?
85.*	18.	How many years after?
86.*	18.	When was the Pacific Ocean first entered by a European?
87.*	18.	By whom, was that passage made?
88.*	18.	Of what country, was Magellan a native?
89.*	18.	By what country, was he then employed?

CHAPTER II.

90.*	19.	Who were the second people that ventured to cross the Atlantic?
91.*	19.	What is the name of the principal navigator, employed, by the English, in their first voyage to the west?

Q.	P.	
92.*	19.	Of what place, was he a native?
93.*	19.	What were the chief objects of his voyage?
94.	19.	Agreeably with whose plan, was this attempt?
95.*	19.	In what year, was this experiment made?
96.*	19.	Did he accomplish the design of reaching India, by a western course?
97.	19.	What obstacle opposed him?
98.*	19.	What large island, did he, at that time, discover?
99.	19.	How far did he proceed along the American continent, in a southerly direction?
100.*	22.	Who reigned in England, when the first English settlement was attempted in America?
101.*	22.	In what year, was the attempt made?
102.	22.	Who was its chief promoter?
103.*	22.	In what part of America, did the colonists, sent out by Raleigh, begin their settlement?
104.	22.	What was their number?
105.	21.	What name, had previously been given to that country?
106.*	21.	Why, and by whom, was the country named Virginia?
107.*	22.	How long, did the colonists, sent out by Raleigh, remain in the country?
108.	22.	What caused their return?
109.	23.	What further attempts did Raleigh and his partners make, to establish a colony?
110.	23.	Were these more successful than the preceding party?
111.	23.	What was their fate?
112.*	23.	What causes are assigned for their wretched end?

CHAPTER III.

Q.	P.	
113.	24.	After the disastrous termination of the settlement at Roanoke, were any further efforts made, in Elizabeth's reign, to establish a colony in Virginia?
114.	24.	To whom, did Raleigh assign his interest in that country?
115.	24.	Did this new company attempt to make settlements in Virginia?
116.	24.	Who is mentioned, at this time, as earnestly stimulating the English to naval enterprise?
117.	24.	What incentive did Hakluyt use?
118.	25.	Were any new associations formed, in consequence of Hakluyt's zeal?
119.	25.	By what king of England, were their designs sanctioned?
120.	25.	What divisions did James make of the American territory?
121.	25.	By what titles, did James severally distinguish these districts?
122.	26.	Who were the members of the South Colony?
123.	26.	Who were the members of the North Colony?
124.	26.	In whom, was vested, the supreme government of the colonies?
125.	26.	By whom, was the council nominated?
126.	26.	In whom, was vested, the subordinate jurisdiction?
127.	26.	Under whose command, were the first emigrants, intended for the South Colony, at this time placed?
128.	26.	What was their number?
129.	26.	What part of Virginia did Newport first descry?
130.	26.	Into what spacious inlet, did he enter?

Q.	P.	
131.	26.	Up what river, did he sail?
132.	26.	Through respect to whom, was the new name given to this river?
133.	26.	What name, did the colonists confer on the infant settlement?
134.*	26.	In what year, was Jamestown founded?
135.*	27.	Which is the most ancient habitation of the English on the American continent?
136.	27.	Did these colonists live in friendship with the natives?
137.	27.	Were they comfortable in other respects?
138.	27.	In their distressful situation, on whom did the settiers confer the office of governor?
139.	28.	In what manner, did Smith perform the duties of his office?
140.	29.	Did any misfortune befall captain Smith?
141.	29.	To whom, did the Indians carry him?
142.	29.	How was Smith treated, by Powhatan?
143.	29.	Was the sentence against him executed?
144.	29.	By whom, was Powhatan prevailed on, to recall it?
145.	29.	How many of the settlers were alive, when Smith returned to Jamestown?
146.	29.	What preparations were these miserable people then making?
147.	29.	How many new planters soon afterwards arrived?
148.	29.	What unlucky accident diverted their attention from the cultivation of the land, and again produced a scarcity of provisions?
149.	30.	Mention the geographical work which Smith accomplished.
150.	30.	What favourable change was made, about the same time, in the government of the colony?

Q.	P.	
151.	31.	Who was the first governor appointed, under the new charter?
152.	31.	Did Captain Smith continue to reside in the colony?
153.	31.	What caused his departure?
154.	31.	How many persons did Smith leave in the colony?
155.	31.	At the end of six months, after his departure, how many were alive?
156.	31.	By whom, was relief brought to them?
157.	32.	Was the succour which Gates and Summers brought, deemed sufficient to support them until the autumn?
158.	32.	What measure, did they, consequently, adopt?
159.	32.	Did they proceed so far as Newfoundland, or did they meet any inducement to return?
160.	32.	What was the consequence of lord Delaware's administration?
161.	32.	Did any remarkable marriage occur, in the time of his successor?
162.	33.	Did Pocahuntas leave any offspring?
163.	33.	Are any of her descendants now living?
164.	34.	Was there, at this period, established, any individual property in land?
165.	34.	By whose labour, was the land cultivated?
166.	34.	How was the produce distributed?
167.	34.	Why was the system of joint-labour found injurious?
168.	34.	What remedy did the governor apply to this evil?
169.	34.	What was the result?
170.*	34.	In what year, was tobacco, the great staple produce of Virginia, first cultivated, by the settlers?

Q.	P.	
171.*	34.	In what year, were negroes first brought into Virginia?
172.*	34.	By what conveyance, were they brought?
173.*	35.	When was the first legislative assembly convened in Virginia?
174.	35.	How many corporations sent representatives to this assembly?
175.	36.	After the execution of Charles the first, which authority did Virginia acknowledge,—that of the crown or of the commonwealth?
176.	37.	What was the consequence of this adherence?
177.	37.	Who was governor of Virginia, when the forces arrived from England?
178.	37.	In what year, did this occur?
179.	37.	What restraints did the English commonwealth impose on the commerce of the different colonies?
180.*	38.	At the period of the English revolution, in 1688, what was the population of Virginia?
181.	38.	When, and at what place, was the College of William and Mary founded?
182.*	38.	In honour of whom, was it named?
183.	39.	When North America was first visited by Europeans, did the natives possess any domestic animals?
184.*	39.	Were they entirely ignorant of the art of cultivating the soil?
185.	39.	Were they inferior in husbandry, to the cotemporaneous inhabitants of Great Britain?
186.	40.	To what plant, was the greatest care of the Indians of Virginia given?
187.	40.	What uses did they make of tobacco?
188.	40.	What were the form and dimensions of their houses?
189.	40.	On what sort of beds, did they lie?

Q. P.

190. 40. In their general economy, had they any resemblance to the people then living in England?

191. 40. How did they produce ignition?

192. 41. Of what material, was their knife?

193. 41. Of what material, did they make their axes?

194. 41. Had they any fishing hooks, or fishing nets?

195. 41. How were their towns sometimes defended?

196. 41. Did the several tribes speak the same language?

197. 42. Which Indian tribes had made greater advancement in the arts, than those nations of Virginia?

198. 42. What is the personal appearance of the American Indians?

199. 42. In dress, and artificial appearance, in general, did they resemble any people of Europe?

200. 43. Do the Indians possess great bodily strength?

201. 43. What is related of them, as orators?

202. 44. By what means, do they record the substance of their debates?

CHAPTER IV.

203. 44. In the preceding chapter, it is related, that James the first divided the great tract of country, then called Virginia, into two sections, the North Colony and South Colony. Were the North, or Plymouth company, more energetic than the South?

204. 45. In what service, did the Plymouth Company employ captain Smith, the Father of Virginia?

205. 45. In what year, did Smith survey the coast of the northern division?

206. 45. What name, did he give to this division?

Q.	P.	
207.	45.	What gave the first great impulse to the colonization of New England?
208.*	46.	What religious society was the first that removed to New England?
209.	46.	Under whose care, had those exiles removed to Leyden?
210.	46.	Did the king of England give these people any positive assurance of toleration in America?
211.	46.	From whom, did they procure a tract of land?
212.	46.	Of how many persons, did this colony consist?
213.	46.	From what port in England did they sail?
214.	46.	What land in America did they first reach?
215.*	46.	At what season, and in what year, did they arrive?
216.	47.	What constitution of government did they form?
217.*	47.	Where did they begin their first settlement; and what name did they confer on it?
218.	47.	Did these colonists pass a comfortable winter?
219.	47.	Did they meet any opposition from the Indians?
220.	47.	Of the various traces of civilization, observed amongst the natives of New England, mention the most remarkable.
221.*	48.	With which neighbouring colony, was New Plymouth afterwards associated?
222.	48.	In how many years, after the commencement of New Plymouth, did this union occur?
223.	48.	What was the number of its inhabitants, at the time of this event?
224.	48.	By whose exertions, was the company formed, which established the colony of Massachusetts' Bay?
225.	48.	What induced Mr. White and his followers to emigrate?

Q.	P.	
226.	48.	From whom, did they purchase a territory, for that purpose?
227.	49.	Who was then king of England?
228.	49.	What was the nature of the charter granted them by Charles the first?
229.	49.	In what year, did the emigrants embark for New England?
230.	49.	How many were they in number?
231.	49.	What persons did they meet, on their arrival?
232.	49.	Where was Endicott settled?
233.	50.	Did the colonists of Massachusetts live happily together?
234.	50.	Who was the first governor of Massachusetts?
235.	51.	Where was the first general court held?
236.*	52.	In what year, was Rhode Island founded?
237.*	52.	What two individuals were severally the most instrumental in its establishment?
238.*	52.	What induced these persons to remove to this part of the country?
239.*	52.	At what place, did Williams settle?
240.*	52.	Where, did Coddington settle?
241.	52.	What name did he give to the island on which he settled?
242.	52.	Which are the two oldest towns on the island?
243.	52.	From what authority, and at what period, did the colony of Rhode Island receive its charter?
244.	52.	By what authority, was its constitutional powers confirmed and enlarged?
245.*	52.	To what cause, is Connecticut indebted for its origin?
246.*	52.	Who led the first colonists to Connecticut?
247.*	52.	In what year, did this happen?

Q.	P.	
248.	52.	Where did these people fix their residence?
249.*	52.	What towns did they first commence?
250.	52.	What two distinct claims were made to the land on which they had settled?
251.	52.	On what plea, did the Dutch found their claim?
252.	53.	What was the nature of the claim made by lord Say-and-Seal, and lord Brooke?
253.	53.	How were the adventurers from Massachusetts freed from their competitors, the Dutch?
254.	53.	How were they freed from the claims of lord Say-and-Seal, and lord Brooke?
255.	53.	Did Connecticut remain without any charter?
256.*	53.	Where was the first settlement attempted in New Hampshire?
257.	53.	Were the funds of the company which attempted that settlement, adequate to the undertaking?
258.	53.	Whence, did they receive an accession of emigrants?
259.*	54.	Who conducted the emigrants from Massachusetts into New Hampshire?
260.*	54.	What caused Mr. Wheelright to leave Massachusetts?
261.	54.	When was the constitution of New Hampshire reduced to a regular form?
262.	54.	What danger did the New England colonists incur, by the extension of their settlements?
263.	55.	Which were the most considerable and warlike Indians in New England?
264.	56.	Did the colonies of New England form any combination for their common defence?
265.	56.	Did this combination include all those colonies?
266.	56.	In what year, was that union formed?
267.	59.	You have said, that the New England colonies

Q.	P.	
		were disturbed by the neighbouring Indians: —were they annoyed by any other people?
268.	59.	Did the people of New England retaliate these aggressions?
269.	59.	Who, is mentioned, as having commanded a military expedition against the French colonies?
270.	59.	What conquest did he achieve?
271.*	65.	In what year, was Harvard College founded?
272.*	65.	Where is it situated?
273.*	65.	Is Harvard the oldest seminary of learning in the United States?
274.	66.	By whom, was the Bible translated into a dialect of the Indian language?
275.*	67.	In what year, was Yale College founded?
276.*	67.	Where is it situated?
277.*	67.	How many colleges were established in the colonies, before that of Yale?
278.*	67.	When, and at what place, was the first printing press established, in these colonies?

CHAPTER V.

279.*	68.	By whom, was Maryland founded?
280.*	68.	Of what country, was lord Baltimore a native?
281.*	68.	What religion, did he profess?
282.*	68.	From what monarch, did lord Baltimore re-obtain the grant of Maryland?
283.	68.	In compliment to whom, did Maryland receive its name?
284.*	68.	Did the charter obtained by lord Baltimore, ordain religious toleration?

Q.	P.	
285.	68.	Did his son and successor, Cecilius, respect this important condition in the charter?
286.*	69.	Who was the first governor of Maryland?
287.*	69.	In what year, did he arrive with the first emigrants?
288.*	70.	When was the first settlement made, in North Carolina?
289.*	70.	From what colony, did the first settlers in North Carolina emigrate?
290.	70.	In what part, was their first residence?
291.	70.	At what place, was the next establishment made?
292.	70.	By whom, was it made?
293.	70.	Had these early settlers any charter, or any code of laws for their government?
294.	70.	How long, did they remain in this extraordinary situation?
295.	70.	What species of government, and what law with regard to religion, did lord Clarendon and his partners establish?
296.	70.	At what rate, did they offer the lands?
297.*	70.	In what year, do you date the founding of South Carolina?
298.*	70.	By whom, was South Carolina colonized?
299.*	70.	When was the growth of cotton introduced into South Carolina?
300.*	70.	When was the cultivation of rice introduced?
301.*	70.	From what country, was the first rice, for seed, brought into South Carolina?
302.*	71.	By what people, was the state, now called New-York, first settled?
303.*	71.	How long, was New-York held by the Dutch?
304.	71.	On what principles, did the Dutch found their claim to that country?

Q.	P.	
305.	71.	By what English navigator, in their employment, did they assert that the country had been discovered?
306.	71.	In what year?
307.	71.	On what grounds, did the English claim the same country?
308.	71.	According to the rule established by the European powers, which nation had the most equitable claim?
309.	71.	To whom, did Charles II. assign the country?
310.	71.	What was the extent of the grant to the duke of York?
311.	71.	Who was the Dutch governor of that territory, at the time of that assignment to the duke of York?
312.	71.	By what company, was Stuyvesant employed?
313.*	71.	In what year, did the British take possession of the colony?
314.*	72.	By what title, was then known, all that country which the Dutch held?
315.	72.	Did the British expel the original settlers?
316.	72.	Did the conquerors hold uninterrupted possession of this colony?
317.	72.	In what year, was it re-surrendered?
318.	72.	When, was it restored to the English?
319.	72.	By what means, was it restored?
320.*	72.	To whom, did the duke of York sell that part of the territory, now called New Jersey?
321.*	72.	In what year, was this transfer made?
322.*	72.	By what people, had New Jersey been previously settled?
323.*	73.	In what year, was the college at Princeton founded?
324.*	73.	Who was the founder of Pennsylvania?

Q.	P.	
325.*	73.	Who was the father of William Penn?
326.*	73.	To what religious society, did William Penn belong?
327.*	74.	From what British monarch, did Penn receive a grant of Pennsylvania?
328.	74.	Upon what pecuniary consideration, was the grant made?
329.	74.	In honour of whom, and by what person, was Pennsylvania named?
330.*	74.	In what year, did the first British colony arrive in Pennsylvania?
331.	74.	To what religious sect, did they chiefly belong?
332.	74.	In what part, did they begin their settlement?
333.	74.	What are the most important passages contained in the letter which Penn sent by these colonists to the natives?
334.*	74.	At what period, did Penn himself arrive in the colony?
335.	74.	How many emigrants accompanied him?
336.	74.	At what place, did he land?
337.	75.	How many inhabitants were settled along the right bank of the Delaware, previously to Penn's arrival?
338.	75.	Of what nations, were these previous settlers?
339.	75.	At what place, was the first legislative assembly held?
340.	75.	By what name, was Chester then known?
341.	75.	What laws were at that period enacted, consistent with the mild tenor of the founder's professions?
342.	75.	On what site, was Philadelphia founded?
343.	75.	In what year?
344.	75.	From what ancient city, does Philadelphia derive its name?

Q.	P.	
345.	75.	Was Penn's residence in America, at this time, of long continuance?
346.	75.	In what year, did he revisit the colony?
347.	75.	What was, then, the number of inhabitants in the city?
348.	75.	How long, did Penn remain, in his second visit?
349.	76.	What reasons are assigned, for his residence being, again, so short?
350.	76.	Did Penn live on amicable terms with the peo- of his colony?
351.*	76.	When, and at what place, did William Penn die?
352.*	76.	How old was he at his death?
353.*	76.	How long, did his descendants remain proprietors of Pennsylvania?
354.*	76.	To whom, was it assigned, and for what compensation?
355.	76.	What name has been given to the first seventy years of the existence of this colony?
356.	76.	During that time, how did the Indians conduct themselves towards the colonists?
357.*	78.	When, and at what place, was laid the foundation of the first medical school in the New World?
358.	78.	By whom, was the first course of lectures delivered, in that medical school?
359.*	78.	By whom, was Delaware first visited?
360.*	78.	In what year, did the Swedes and Finlanders purchase the country from the Indians?
361.*	78.	What name did they give to it?
362.	79.	By what neighbouring people, were these settlers conquered?
363.	79.	Who was then governor of Nova Belgia?

Q.	P.	
364.	79.	How long, did New Sweden remain under the government of the Dutch?
365.*	74.	Did this territory become the property of William Penn?
366.*	74.	By whom, was it conveyed to him?
367.*	74.	At what period?
368.*	79.	In what year, was Georgia founded?
369.*	79.	From whom, did it derive its name?
370.*	79.	Who is mentioned as the promoter of Georgia?
371.*	79.	Which is the oldest British settlement in Georgia?
372.	79.	Did any other European nation claim Georgia?
373.	81.	Of what country, were the early settlers of Georgia?
374.	81.	Of what country, was general Oglethorpe?

CHAPTER VI.

375.*	81.	You have spoken of the contests between France and England, arising from the claims of France upon part of the American territory occupied by England. To which party, belonged the most equitable right of possession, depending on discovery?
376.*	82.	Which party had the strongest claim to the territory in dispute, arising from occupation?
377.*	82.	Which were respectively the first capitals of each?
378.*	82.	Which of these was first established?
379.*	82.	How much sooner was Quebec established, than Jamestown?
380.*	82.	Besides Canada, in the north, what other ter-

Q. P.

ritory had France, situated to the south of the British colonies in North America?

381.* 82. What means did France use, to connect these distant possessions?

382.* 82. What was her object, in thus connecting them?

383.* 82. In what year, did France attempt this?

384.* 82. Were the British colonists willing that France should complete her design?

385.* 82. How far, did their claims extend?

386.* 82. When complaints of violence having been committed by the French, were made to the governor of Virginia, what determination did he form?

387. 82. Who was then governor of Virginia?

388.* 82. Who offered his services, for this arduous undertaking?

389. 82. What military office did Washington then fill?

390. 82. What was his age?

391.* 82. How far distant were the French settlements?

392. 82. Through what sort of country, did his route lie?

393. 82. By what kind of people, was it inhabited?

394. 82. At what season of the year, did Washington commence his journey?

395. 82. How many companions had he?

396.* 82. On what river, was the fort situated, in which the French commander was posted?

397. 82. When did Washington deliver the reply of the French commander to the governor of Virginia?

398. 83. Was his journey free from toil and danger?

399.* 83. Where was George Washington born?

400.* 83. What is the period of his birth?

401. 83. What was the name of his father?

Q.	P.	
402.	83.	What was his father's occupation?
403.	83.	What was his character, and his condition in life?
404.*	83.	From whom was his father descended?
405.*	83.	At what period, did the progenitor of the American branch of the Washington family remove from England to Virginia?
406.	83.	To what business, was the education of Washington suited?
407.	83.	What branches of education did he acquire?
408.	83.	On whom, after the death of his father, did the charge of his father's numerous family devolve?
409.	83.	What military commission, did Lawrence Washington hold?
410.	83.	After his return from Carthagena, what name did Lawrence give to his patrimonial estate?
411.	83.	Through respect to whom, did he call it Mount Vernon?
412.	83.	On the death of George Washington's two elder brothers, and the daughter of Lawrence, who succeeded to Mount Vernon?
413.	84.	Was not Washington, at an early age, on the point of being employed abroad?
414.	84.	At whose desire, did he abandon the designed profession?
415.*	84.	What was the consequence of the reply given by the French commander?
416.	84.	Who were the two principal officers of the Virginia regiment?
417.	84.	What service did Washington perform, with two companies of the regiment?
418.	84.	After the death of Mr. Fry, who became commander of the regiment?
419.*	84.	Against which of the French posts, did Washington proceed?

Q.	P.	
601.	110.	To whom, were the arrangements in the northern department committed?
602.*	111.	After the capture of Fort Chamblee and St. Johns, what important Canadian town surrendered to Montgomery?
603.	111.	After the capture of Montreal, whither did Montgomery proceed?
604.	112.	About the same time that Montgomery invaded Canada, by the usual route from New-York, by whom was a detachment of the American army brought thither, by a new and unexpected passage?
605.	112.	How many men accompanied Arnold?
606.	112.	By what route, did he enter Canada?
607.	112.	Did all Arnold's companions succeed in reaching Canada?
608.	112.	By what causes, were they obliged to return?
609.	112.	When, did Arnold enter the inhabited part of Canada?
610.	113.	Whom, did Montgomery appoint, as colonel of the regiment of Canadians, which he began to form?
611.*	113.	What town did Arnold, on the 13th of November, attempt taking by assault?
612.*	113.	Was his attempt successful?
613.*	113.	Who was then governor of Canada, and animated the garrison of Quebec, by his presence?
614.*	114.	After Montgomery had remained some time before Quebec, what determination did he form?
615.	114.	How many did the garrison of Quebec number?
616.	114.	How many were the assailants?
617.	114.	Name the officers who commanded the four divisions which assaulted the town?

Q.	P.	
618.*	114.	Did the Americans succeed in their attempt?
619.*	114.	What was the fate of Montgomery?
620.	114.	What injury was received by Arnold?
621.	114.	Do you remember the name of the officer who commanded Arnold's party, after he was carried off the field?
622.	114.	What loss did the Americans altogether sustain?
623.*	114.	Of what country, was Montgomery a native?
624.	115.	Besides the usual means by military force, what individuals did congress send to make an impression in Canada?
625.	115.	Were these exertions in Canada successful?
626.	116.	How long, did the Americans continue their operations against Quebec, before the siege was raised?
627.	117.	What important transaction had, in the mean time, occurred, at Williamsburg, in Virginia?
628.	117.	What eminent individual headed a party of gentlemen, who compelled lord Dunmore to pay the value of the powder taken from the colonial magazine?
629.	117.	After lord Dunmore had retired with his family from his palace at Williamsburg, what town in Virginia did he attempt to destroy, by a cannonade?
630.	117.	Did he succeed in his design against Hampton?
631.	117.	From what town, was he next compelled to retire?
632.	117.	What caused the destruction of Norfolk?
633.	117.	On what day, and in what year, was Norfolk destroyed?
634.	117.	What is mentioned, to have occurred, about the same time, in North Carolina?

Q.	P.	
		which were hurtful to the interest of her colonies ?
458.*	88.	By what authority, were the taxes attempted to be raised ?
459.	88.	Were these taxes acquiesced in, by the colonies ?
460.	88.	Why did they object to them ?
461.	88.	What induced Great Britain to impose them ?
462.*	88.	What particular reason did the colonies urge, to justify their refusing to pay those taxes ?
463.	88.	Do you remember what tax the British parliament first determined to impose ?
464.	89.	What do you understand by the stamp-duty ?
465.	89.	Mention the statesman who proposed and succeeded in the enactment of the stamp-duties.
466.	89.	In what year, was this act passed ?
467.	90.	On the night after the stamp-act passed, what expressions, relating to it, did Dr. Franklin use, in a letter to Charles Thompson ?
468.*	90.	In which of the American colonies, was the voice of opposition to the stamp-act, at this time, first heard ?
469.	90.	Mention the person who brought into the house of burgesses in Virginia, the resolutions adopted against this act.
470.	90.	What bold exclamation was he then prompted to make ?
471.*	90.	Had a resolution, similar to the resolutions of Virginia, previously been made in any other of the colonies ?
472.*	90.	How long before ?
473.*	91.	Did the other states accord with Virginia, in opposition to the British taxes ?
474.	91.	What instructions were given, by the people, to their representatives ?

Q.	P.	
475.	91.	What important resolution was passed, by the assembly of Massachusetts?
476.	91.	What means, did that assembly use, to promote the meeting of a continental congress?
477	91.	By which of the colonies, was this advance towards a union seconded?
478.	91.	Where did that congress meet?
479.	91.	Upon what measures, did the delegates in this congress agree?
480.*	92.	Did the colonists allow the stamp-law to operate amongst them?
481.*	92.	What associations were then formed, to defeat the measures of the parliament?
482.	92.	How did they remedy the deficiencies of British manufactured goods?
483.	92.	By what means, did they increase the quantity of wool?
484.	92.	What effect was produced by this firm conduct of the colonists?
485.	93.	Was colonial taxation opposed by many able members of parliament?
486.	93.	Repeat a quotation from the speech of William Pitt.
487.*	93.	Of whose opinion and authority, did the new administration avail themselves, in an examination at the bar of the house of commons?
488.*	92.	In what year, was the stamp-act repealed?
489.*	93.	When the taxes were repealed, was the *right* of levying them relinquished?
490.*	93.	What act was passed, simultaneously with the repeal?
491.	93.	Was it thought that the alleged power of levying taxes would be used?

Q.	P.	
492.*	93.	To whom, were the chief reins of government now given?
493.*	93.	Who was the new chancellor of the exchequer?
494.*	93.	What bill did he procure, relating to the colonies?
495.	93.	Do you remember the names of any of the persons in America, who wrote or spoke ably against these duties?
496.*	94.	What native of England, at that time in America, roused the public feeling in the greatest degree?
497.*	94.	Did those new duties cause any association in America?
498.	95.	What effect was produced in England, by the firmness of the American colonies?
499.*	95.	Who was at this time prime minister of England?
500.	95.	In what year, was the act passed for the repeal of the duties on all the taxed articles except tea?
501.	95.	In consequence of this partial repeal, was the mercantile intercourse between the colonies and the mother country renewed?
502.*	95.	Were the colonists willing to pay the duty on *tea?*
503.	96.	What impolitic scheme, concerted between the British ministry and the East India Company, led the contending parties again upon the disputed ground?
504.	96.	How can you explain this?
505.	96.	In what year was that impolitic scheme formed?
506.	96.	Were the colonists willing to receive the tea, on these terms, apparently favourable to them?

Q.	P.	
507.*	96.	What measures did they adopt, with regard to the expected tea-vessels?
508.*	97.	How did the people of Boston prevent the tea from being landed?
509.*	97.	Was any of the tea sold, that was, at that time, sent out by the East India Company?
510.*	97.	What punishment did the British parliament inflict on the merchants of Boston?
511.*	97.	To what sea-port, were its custom-house officers, and trade, removed?
512.	97.	What injurious alteration was made in the government of Massachusetts?
513.	97.	What change was made, with regard to persons indicted for certain crimes?
514.	97.	In what year, were these unjust laws enacted?
515.*	98.	Whom, did the British government send, as commander in chief of North America, and governor of Massachusetts?
516.	99.	Did the merchants of Salem profit by the closing of the port of Boston?
517.	99.	Did any sea-port make a highly liberal offer to Boston?
518.	99.	What precautionary measures did general Gage, about this time, pursue?
519.	99.	Did the people remain quiet, after these precautions?
520.	99.	Relate what immediately followed, at Cambridge?
521.	99.	During the confusion, what rumour went abroad?
522.	99.	What movement did this rumour cause amongst the people?
523.*	99.	Who was president of the provincial congress that assembled at Concord?
524.	99.	Were the remonstrances availing, which this

Q.	P.	
		congress made to the governor of Massachusetts?
525.	99.	What resolutions did the congress then form?
526.	99.	Over the "*minute men*," and the militia, whom did they commission as general officers?
527.	100.	What measures were pursued at Newport?
528.	100.	What was done at Portsmouth?
529.*	100.	At what place, had a general congress of the American colonies assembled?
530.*	100.	Who acted as president of this congress?
531.*	100.	Who filled the office of secretary?
532.*	100.	Into what agreement, did this august body enter?
533.	100.	What addresses did they prepare?
534.*	97.	In what year, did this congress meet?
535.*	101.	By whom, was a conciliatory plan offered in the British house of lords?
536.*	101.	Was lord Chatham's proposition adopted?
537.*	102.	What was doing, meanwhile, by the leading men of Massachusetts?
538.*	102.	Where was their chief deposit of provisions?
539.*	102.	Where is Concord situated?
540.*	102.	What did general Gage determine, with regard to these provisions?
541.	102.	In what manner, did he endeavour to effect his purpose?
542.	102.	On what night, and in what year, did this occur?
543.*	102.	Were the British soldiers allowed to pursue their march for Concord, without interruption?
544.*	102.	Were the Lexington corps successful in their opposition?

Q.	P.	
545.	102.	What did the British soldiers accomplish, at Concord?
546.	102.	When again assailed at Concord, what movement did they make?
547.	102.	Were they annoyed by the Americans, in their retreat?
548.	103.	What loss did the royal detachment sustain?
549.	103.	What loss was suffered by the provincials?
550.	103.	By whom, was Ticonderoga taken?
551.	103.	By whom, was Crown Point captured?
552.*	103.	When did the Americans commence the enlistment of regular soldiers?
553.*	103.	Under whose command, was placed the army of New England?
554.	103.	Were military arrangements confined to New England?
555.*	104.	Do you remember the names of three British officers, of high reputation, who arrived in America simultaneously with the re-enforcements from Great Britain?
556.*	104.	Martial law having been, at this time, proclaimed, and open war threatened, what preparations did the Americans make?
557.	104.	In fulfilling the orders, for intrenching on Bunker's Hill, was any error committed?
558.	104.	Where is Breed's Hill situated?
559.	104.	On the morning of what day, and in what year, was that intrenchment made?
560.*	105.	What officer had the chief command of the Americans on Breed's Hill? (or Bunker's Hill; for this battle is always named from the latter place.)
561.	105.	By what officers, was he aided?
562.	105.	Did general Gage allow the Americans to remain undisturbed in their intrenchment?

Q.	P.	
563.	105.	How many soldiers did he send against them?
564.	105.	Did these succeed in their design?
565.	105.	Did any re-enforcement from Boston, join the disordered troops?
566.	105.	What officers commanded the re-enforcement?
567.*	105.	Were the Americans obliged to abandon their works?
568.*	106.	Which party suffered the greatest loss in this celebrated battle—the British, or the Americans?
569.	106.	How many of the British were killed or wounded?
570.	106.	How many of the Americans were killed, wounded, or missing?
571.	106.	How many men had the Americans in action, at the commencement of the battle?
572.	106.	What proportion did these bear to the number of the assailants?
573.*	106.	Whose death, did the Americans particularly lament?
574.	106.	What town was burned, by the British, as they were advancing to the attack?
575.*	106.	Who succeeded Peyton Randolph, as president of congress?
576.*	107.	Who was appointed to conduct the American armies?
577.*	107.	Was this appointment made by a unanimous vote?
578.*	107.	During the three years which intervened, from the defeat of Braddock to the reduction of Fort Duquesne, in what military duty had Washington been employed?
579.*	107.	In the capture of what fort, had he assisted?
580.*	107.	To what civil office, was he afterwards appointed?

Q.	P.	
581.*	107.	Was he particularly distinguished in congress?
582.*	107.	What age was general Washington, when appointed commander in chief?
583.*	108.	Did he accept of any regular pay?
584.	108.	Repeat his expression on this subject, as stated in the last sentence of his reply to the president of congress.
585.	108.	Do you remember who were appointed as major generals?
586.	108.	Who was appointed as adjutant general?
587.	108.	Who were the brigadier generals?
588.	108.	What is here said of Lee and Gates?
589.*	108.	On what day, and in what year, did general Washington join the army?
590.*	108.	At what place, did he join the army?
591.	109.	Had the American army a uniformity of dress?
592.	109.	What expedient was adopted, to abolish provincial distinctions?
593.	109.	What quantity of powder had the Americans, on the 4th of August?
594.*	109.	What was the number of the continental army placed under the command of Washington?
595.	110.	Who was of eminent service, as commander of the Lee privateer?
596.	110.	How many vessels did congress order to be built, and of what respective force?
597.	110.	Which town in Massachusetts was, about this time, destroyed, by an English ship of war?
598.	110.	What expedition was urgently recommended by colonel Arnold?
599.	110.	Did congress acquiesce in Arnold's opinion?
600.	110.	Did they invest him with the chief command of the troops destined against Canada?

Q.	P.	
420.*	84.	Where was Fort Duquesne situated?
421.*	84.	What town has been erected on its site?
422.	84.	Did Washington, at that time, proceed as far as Fort Duquesne?
423.*	84.	What induced him to retreat?
424.	84.	Where, did he make a stand?
425.*	84.	In what condition, were his fortifications, when attacked by De Villier?
426.*	84.	What was the result of this defence?
427.*	84.	Relate the terms of the capitulation.
428.	84.	What measure was adopted, to draw forth the colonial resources, in a uniform system of operations?
429.	84.	What was proposed by the assembly at Albany?
430.	84.	Was this plan acceptable to the British ministry?
431.	84.	What other plan did they propose?
432.	85.	Was this plan relished by the colonies?
433.	85.	To whom, was it communicated, by one of the royal governors?
434.	85.	What sentiments did Franklin express concerning it?
435.	85.	Was the English government, by the difficulty of settling the mode of raising supplies, discouraged from military operations against the French?
436.*	85.	Who was at this time, sent to America, at the head of the English troops?
437.*	85.	What American officer acted as aid-de-camp to general Braddock?
438.*	85.	Was general Braddock successful in his proceedings against the French?
439.*	85.	Where was he defeated?

Q.	P.	
440.*	86.	Did he himself receive any bodily hurt?
441.*	85.	Was colonel Washington wounded, or in any serious danger?
442.	86.	Were the provincial troops, who accompanied general Braddock, as much disconcerted as the British, by the unusual mode of attack?
443.*	85.	In what year, was the defeat of Braddock?
444.	86.	Did the French continue to be successful?
445.*	86.	Did any change occur in the British ministry, which soon altered the face of public affairs?
446.	86.	When did this change occur?
447.	86.	What victories over the French followed in America?
448.	86.	What settlements now remained to the French, in North America?
449.*	86.	Do you recollect the name of the celebrated British officer, who fell victoriously before Quebec?
450.*	86.	In what year, was Quebec taken from the French?
451.*	87.	How long had hostilities continued, before a general peace was concluded, and France ceded Canada to England, by treaty?
452.*	87.	In what year, was this general peace concluded?
453.*	87.	Had any European nation been allied with France in the war?
454.*	87.	What provinces did Spain yield to England?
455.	87.	What assistance did the colonies give England, at sea?
456.	87.	How many thousand colonial land-troops, co-operated with the English, in North America?
457.*	88.	Can you relate any system of measures, commenced by Great Britain, in the year 1764,

Q.	P.	
635.	117.	What is said, respecting the royal governors of the other colonies?
636.	118.	Since the beginning of hostilities, what had been the situation of the British troops, at Boston?
637.*	118.	By what movement of the besiegers, under general Washington, was sir William Howe compelled to evacuate Boston?
638.*	118.	When did he evacuate Boston?
639.*	118.	Whither did he sail with his troops?
640.	119.	Which town is next mentioned, as having been attacked by the British?
641.*	119.	Who commanded the vessels of war which entered the harbour of Charleston?
642.	119.	What officer commanded the land-troops on board?
643.*	119.	On what island, had the Americans erected works, for the defence of Charleston?
644.*	119.	Who commanded the fort on Sullivan's Island?
645.*	119.	What was the issue of the attack?
646.	119.	What was the next object of the British armaments?
647.*	119.	To what officers, was given the command of the force destined to act against New-York?
648.*	119.	What was the amount of the army placed under general Howe?
649.*	120.	What most important, and highly celebrated declaration, did the American congress agree on, a few days after the arrival of the great British armament?
650.*	120.	What change did this measure produce, in the relations between the colonies and the crown of England?
651.*	120.	By whom, was the motion for independence first made in congress?

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652.* 120. By whom, was it seconded?

653.* 120. Where was congress then assembled?

654.* 120. On what day, and in what year, was the Declaration of Independence made?

655. 120. Repeat the words of the first period, in the second paragraph of the Declaration, beginning with, "We hold these truths to be self evident:—

656.* 124. By whom, was the Declaration of Independence composed?

657.* 124. Who was then president of congress?

658.* 124. Who was secretary?

CHAPTER VII.

659. 125. In what city, had Washington fixed his head quarters, in the month of April?

660. 125. In their approach to the city of New-York, against what island had the British resolved to make their first attempt?

661.* 125. When did the enemy land on Long Island?

662.* 125. Did they defeat the Americans, and get possession of the island?

663. 125. On what day, did the principal engagement occur?

664. 125. To which of the American generals, was intrusted the defence of the island?

665. 126. What loss, did the Americans sustain, in killed, wounded, and prisoners?

666. 126. Which of the American generals were taken prisoners?

667. 127. Lord Howe having considered the late reverse as favourable to promote submission, whom did he send with a message to congress?

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668. 127. Who were deputed to have an interview with the British general, on Staten Island?

669. 127. Did there arise any approximation towards a peace?

670. 127. When concluding the interview, what expression did lord Howe make to Doctor Franklin?

671. 127. What reply was made by Franklin?

672. 127. What was, at that period, the state of the American army?

673. 127. What was the state of the militia?

674.* 128. On what day, was New-York entered by a brigade of the enemy?

675. 128. Did any calamity, in a few days afterwards, befall the city?

676. 129. After the Americans had lost forts Washington and Lee, to what place did general Washington retreat?

677. 129. Fearing that he would be compelled to retreat still farther, what information did Washington request from colonel Reed?

678. 129. What reply, did the colonel make?

679. 129. What magnanimous resolution did Washington immediately express?

680. 129. What made Washington's situation yet more distressing?

681. 129. What was then the number of general Washington's troops?

682. 129. What was the number of lord Cornwallis' army, which followed as the Americans retired?

683.* 129. By what route, did Washington retire?

684. 129. At what distance, was lord Cornwallis from the retreating army?

685. 130. Do you remember the name of a distinguished

Q. P.

continental officer, who was, about this time, taken prisoner?

686. 130. Did congress continue sitting in Philadelphia?

687.* 130. What bold enterprise was now formed by Washington?

688.* 130. On what day, and in what year, did he make arrangements for passing the Delaware?

689. 130. Did all the divisions succeed in passing the river?

690. 130. What prevented the other divisions from crossing?

691. 130. Mention the officers, to whom general Washington assigned the command of the several divisions of the main body.

692. 130. At what hour, in the following morning, (26th of December,) did the Americans reach the enemy's advanced posts?

693.* 131. What description of troops, and how many, was the detachment stationed in Trenton?

694.* 131. How many of these did Washington capture?

695. 131. How many were killed or wounded?

696. 131. To what place, did the remainder escape?

697. 131. Was any relation of the American commander wounded in the attack?

698. 132. What reply had been made to colonel Rahl, the officer in Trenton, when he sent to his superior, general Grant, for a cautionary reenforcement?

699. 131. In the evening after his victory, to what place, did Washington convey his prisoners?

700. 131. Under whose command, was the superior British force, which attacked Washington, after his return to Trenton?

701. 131. Relate the manner of general Washington's celebrated movement from Trenton, in order

Q.	P.	
		to elude the British, and attack them in the rear.
702.*	132.	Did Washington capture any of the enemy, at Princeton?
703.*	132.	What was the name of the general who fell at Princeton; and of what country was he a native?
704.	132.	From the consternation produced by these unexpected movements, to what places did the British, in those parts, immediately retreat?
705.	133.	Mention some of the hardships suffered by the Americans, during those winter movements.
706.	133.	In this situation, what surgical operation did they undergo?
707.	133.	Where were they then stationed?
708.	133.	What daring exploit was achieved by colonel Barton, to retaliate the capture of general Lee?
709.	133.	What officer is stated to have been eminently useful, in guarding against surprise?
710.*	134.	From what country, did the Americans, in the spring, receive a large quantity of arms and ammunition?
711.*	134.	Mention the officers who hastily collected a party which defeated the British, at Ridgefield.
712.*	134.	Which of these officers was killed?
713.	134.	Do you remember the name of the American officer, who accomplished a daring service at Sagg Harbour?
714.*	135.	In the great battle, fought on Brandywine creek, which party was victorious?
715.*	136.	On what day, and in what year, was this battle fought?
716.*	134.	Who was the principal commander of the British army in this battle?

Q.	P.	
717.*	136.	Who led to the attack the two columns of the royal army?
718.	135.	What was the numerical strength of the royal army?
719.*	135.	Who was the principal commander of the American army at the Brandywine?
720.	135.	Who commanded its several divisions?
721.	135.	What was the numerical strength of the American army?
722.	135.	But, what was its *effective* force, on which dependence might be placed, in battle?
723.	136.	What was the loss of the Americans, in killed and wounded?
724.	135.	Had general Washington judged that it would be prudent to engage the enemy at that time?
725.	135.	By what opinion, and for what end, was he therefore induced to act against his own judgment?
726.*	136.	Do you remember the names of two distinguished foreigners, who served under the American banners at the Brandywine?
727.*	136.	Of what nation, was La Fayette?
728.*	136.	Of what nation, was Pulaski?
729.	136.	What injury was suffered in the battle, by La Fayette?
730.	137.	What misfortune happened to Wayne's regiment, encamped near the Paoli tavern?
731.	137.	To what places, did congress now find it necessary successively to remove?
732.*	138.	When did sir William Howe enter Philadelphia?
733.	138.	Between which two fortresses, did the American naval armament, for the protection of the Delaware, make its harbour of retreat?

Q.	P.	
734.*	138.	Who commanded the Americans, in their attack on the British stationed at Germantown?
735.	138.	Mention the American officers who headed the several divisions.
736.*	139.	Were the Americans successful at Germantown?
737.	139.	What loss did they sustain?
738.	139.	What causes are assigned, for this defeat?
739.	139.	Can you recollect the name of the officer who was cashiered, for misconduct in the retreat?
740.	139.	By whom, were two thousand Hessians led against Red Bank?
741.	139.	Who then commanded the works at Red Bank?
742.	139.	Were the Hessians successful against Red Bank?
743.	139.	Was an assault made by the enemy, about the same time, on Fort Mifflin, more successful?
744.	139.	What officer bravely defended Fort Mifflin, for more than forty days?
745.	139.	Were the Americans at length compelled to evacuate Mud Island and Red Bank?
746.	139.	In what condition, were the works, before Mud Island was evacuated by major Thayer?
747.	139.	What naval officer ably assisted, in the long-protracted defence of the Delaware?
748.*	140.	Do you remember who succeeded Mr. Hancock, in the presidential chair?
749.	140.	What character is given of Mr. Laurens?
750.*	140.	What station did Washington choose for his winter-quarters?
751.*	140.	Where, is Valley Forge situated?
752.*	140.	Describe the privations and condition of the Americans at Valley Forge

Q.	P.	
753.*	140.	To whose command, was given the British forces designed to form a line of communication between New York and Canada?
754.	141.	Mention the American generals who impeded Burgoyne's passage towards Albany?
755.*	141.	Who were successful at Bennington?
756.*	141.	What officer commanded the Americans, in the first engagement at Bennington?
757.*	141.	What officer commanded the Americans, in the subsequent engagement at Bennington, on the same day?
758.*	141.	On what day, and in what year, did these engagements occur?
759.	141.	What were the trophies of these two actions?
760.*	141.	What benefit resulted from them?
761.*	142.	Who was, shortly afterwards, placed, by congress, at the head of the northern army?
762.	108.	Before his appointment to the northern army, what office had general Gates previously filled?
763.	142.	At what place, was a severe battle fought, on the 19th of September?
764.*	143.	To avoid being surrounded, whither did Burgoyne retreat?
765.*	143.	By the convention, formed between Burgoyne and Gates, what number of the enemy, surrendered to the Americans, at Saratoga?
766.	143.	Adding this number to the killed, wounded, and prisoners, lost by the royal army during the preceding part of the expedition, what was the total loss of the enemy?
767.*	143.	On what day, and in what year, did Burgoyne surrender to Gates?
768.	143.	Who was chief engineer, in the army of general Gates?

Q.	P.	
769.*	143.	On learning the fate of Burgoyne, what movement was made by the British on the North River?
770.*	143.	What was done by the enemy who had been left in his rear?
771.	144.	Relate the operations of commodore Hopkins.
772.	144.	What service was achieved by Captain Barney?
773.*	144.	Who was the most daring of all the officers sailing under the Republican flag?
774.*	144.	Of what country, was Paul Jones a native?
775.*	145.	Which was the first European state, that formed an alliance with the Americans?
776.*	145.	Was France prompted to this alliance by friendship for America, or hostility to England?
777.*	145.	When was the treaty of alliance signed?
778.*	145.	By whom, on the part of the United States, was this treaty negotiated?
779.*	145.	Who was then king of France?
780.	145.	After information of this treaty had been received by the British government, what proposals were made by the ministry, to the American congress at York?
781.	145.	Did the United States accede to these proposals?
782.	145.	Why did they not accede to them?
783.	145.	What was the reply of Joseph Reed, to an offer of court remuneration, made to him, by a late royal governor, Johnstone?
784.	146.	Being apprehensive that a French fleet would be despatched, to block up the British squadron in the Delaware, what instructions were given to the commander of the British army?
785.	146.	Who had now succeeded general Howe.

Q.	P.	
786.*	146.	On what day, and in what year, did the British evacuate Philadelphia?
787.*	146.	On what day, did a severe engagement occur with the retiring army, called the battle of Monmouth?
788.	146.	Which of the American generals was tried and pronounced guilty, by a court-martial, for misconduct in that battle?
789.*	147.	When congress, after the departure of the British, had returned to Philadelphia, what new and most pleasing duty had this body to perform?
790.	148.	Had the disastrous invasion of Canada, taught congress the impolicy of carrying the war out of the limits of the Union?
791.	148.	What enterprise, exhibited again the unprofitable waste of foreign expeditions?
792.	148.	By whom, was that enterprise conducted?
793.	148.	Which of the southern states, was, about this time, marked out, in which to try the fortune of the English arms?
794.	148.	What was the name of the British officer sent against Savannah?
795.	148.	To whom, was committed, the defence of Savannah, and the whole state of Georgia?
796.	148.	Was that officer successful in defending Savannah?
797.	149.	What was the result of the capital of Georgia having been taken by the enemy?
798.	149.	After the declaration of independence, which was the only state where a legislative body assembled, under the authority of Great Britain?
799.	149.	Who took the command of all the British forces in Georgia?
800.*	150.	When, and by whom, was Stony-Point captured?

Q.	P.	
801.*	150.	Where is Stony-Point situated?
802.	151.	By whom, was an English garrison at Paulus Hook surprised?
803.	151.	By the disastrous termination of what enterprise, were the two last-mentioned achievements more than counterbalanced?
804.	151.	To whom, were intrusted the American land-forces, sent against Penobscot?
805.	151.	Under whose command was the fleet?
806.	151.	By whom, was a British detachment repulsed from Port Royal, in South Carolina?
807.	151.	By whom, were several hundreds of the royalists, called "tories," defeated, at Kettle-creek?
808.	152.	What American officer was defeated by colonel Prevost, at Briar-creek?
809.	152.	In consequence of the serious apprehensions entertained for the safety of the adjacent states, what distinguished individual was invested with extraordinary powers in South Carolina?
810.	153.	What American general was defeated at Stono-ferry?
811.	154.	What officers headed the combined French and American troops, in the attack on Savannah?
812.	154.	What British officer defended Savannah?
813.	154.	Were the combined troops successful in their assault on Savannah?
814.	154.	What foreign officer was mortally wounded, in attacking Savannah?
815.	154.	On what day, and in what year, was that attack made?
816.	155.	Whilst the fate of Savannah was pending, by whom was an extraordinary enterprise effected?

Q.	P.	
817.	155.	Where was the scene of this enterprise?
818.	155.	How many British soldiers and sailors were captured there, by colonel White and his small party?
819.	155.	Including the colonel, of how many did the captors consist?
820.	156.	When the departure of the French fleet from Savannah became known to the British in New York, what movement was made by sir Henry Clinton?
821.	156.	By how many troops, was he accompanied?
822.	156.	To what city in South Carolina, did he lay siege?
823.	157.	Who had then the chief command in Charleston?
824.*	157.	When did Charleston surrender to the besiegers?
825.*	158.	After the fall of Charleston, how many vessels remained of the American navy?
826.	158.	Which party was victorious, at the battle of the Waxhaws?
827.	158.	Who commanded the British in that engagement?
828.	158.	Who commanded the Americans?
829.	158.	On the departure of sir Henry Clinton from Charleston, for New York, on whom devolved the command of Charleston?
830.	159.	Do you remember the name of the officer who defeated the enemy at Williamson's plantation, and at Hanging Rock?
831.*	160.	Which party was victorious, in a battle fought on the 14th of August, at Camden?
832.*	160.	Who commanded the British at Camden?
833.*	160.	Who commanded the Americans?
834.*	161.	What gallant foreign officer was slain, on the American side, at Camden?

Q. P.

835.* 161. About the time when Sumpter was rewarded with the rank of general, what celebrated partisan was advanced to the same rank?

836.* 163 Which party was successful at King's Mountain?

837.* 163. Who was the principal commander of the Americans, at King's Mountain?

838. 163. Which American officer addressed his division in simple, though energetic, language?

839. 163. Who commanded the enemy at King's Mountain?

840. 164. How many prisoners were taken by the Americans?

841. 164. How many were killed and wounded?

842. 166. The necessities of the American army having grown extremely pressing, what measures did general Washington adopt, to gain subsistence?

843.* 167. Can you recollect the officer's name, who, about this time, went to France, and successfully urged that country to enlarge its aid?

844.* 167. Mention the admiral, who arrived at Rhode Island, with a numerous French fleet.

845.* 167. How many land-troops, were on board this fleet?

846.* 167. Under whose command, were the land-troops?

847. 167. By what British admiral, were the French fleet and army blocked up at Rhode Island?

848.* 168. Name the American general, who basely engaged to betray the fortress of West Point into the hands of the British.

849.* 168. For the defence of which river, had West Point been strengthened?

850. 168. With which of the enemy's generals did Arnold correspond?

Q.	P.	
851.*	169.	Which officer did the British general employ, as agent in this business?
852.	169.	By whom was major Andrè intercepted, when returning from a conference with Arnold?
853.	169.	When did the occurrence happen?
854.*	169.	What was the fate of Andrè?
855.*	169.	What became of Arnold?
856.	169.	What reply was made by a British officer, to Arnold's question, of what treatment he was to expect, if the Americans made him their prisoner?
857.	169.	Where, and in what year, did the traitor die?
858.*	169.	Was France the only nation (besides the belligerents) that felt an interest in the colonial war?
859.*	170.	What American provinces, then possessed by England, did the Spaniards successfully invade?
860.*	170.	What British officer frustrated the Spaniards, in their memorable siege of Gibraltar?
861.*	170.	By whom, was admiral De Grasse captured, in the West India seas?
862.	170.	In what particular instance, did the defeats of the French and Spaniards operate severely against the United States?
863.*	171.	What other European state, besides France and Spain, was involved in war with Great Britain?
864.	171.	What event is mentioned, as having occasioned Great Britain to declare war against the Dutch republic?
865.	171.	How were the suspicions of the British confirmed, with regard to the hostile intentions of the Dutch?
866.	171.	On what island, did the gathering storm of British vengeance burst forth?

Q.	P.	
867.	171.	What amount of property is said to have been captured by the British at St. Eustatia?
868.	171.	In what year, was this capture made?
869.*	172.	Under whose able direction, was a regular system of finance adopted in the United States?
870.*	172.	Which is the oldest bank in the United States?
871.*	172.	When were this bank and the financial department established?
872.*	172.	When the public engagements began to be made payable in coin, and the old continental money ceased to have currency, what amount of this paper was in circulation?
873.*	172.	By what amount of silver money, was that immense sum made redeemable?
874.*	173.	Tell me the name of the general who succeeded Gates, in the command of the southern army.
875.*	173.	In what year, did he succeed general Gates?
876.	173.	The same day on which general Greene took charge of the army at Charlotteville, of what successful enterprise did he receive information?
877.	173.	Mention the ingenious stratagem, used on this occasion.
878.*	174.	Which party was successful at the Cowpens?
879.*	174.	Who was the chief commander of the Americans, at the Cowpens?
880.*	174.	By whom, was he ably supported?
881.*	174.	Who commanded the British?
882.*	174.	In what month, and in what year, did the battle at the Cowpens occur?
883.	174.	What reply did a lady in Charleston make, to colonel Tarleton, when he affected a desire of seeing colonel Washington?

Q. P.

884.* 176. Which party gained the victory at Guilford Court-house?

885.* 176. Who commanded the British?

886.* 176. Who commanded the Americans?

887.* 176. When did the battle of Guilford occur?

888. 178. Let me know the name of the lady, who, in order to expel a party of the British, assisted the Americans in burning her own house?

889. 178. Which American officers conducted the siege of Mrs. Motte's house?

890.* 180. Which party was successful at Hobkirk Hill, near Camden?

891.* 180. What officer commanded the British?

892.* 180. What officer commanded the Americans?

893.* 180. What determined reply did general Greene make, when advised to retire, with his remaining force, to Virginia?

894.* 180. Having deranged the entire plan of the British operations, at what place, did he defeat their main body?

895. 181. When, in the close of the year, Greene moved down into the lower country, what movement did the British make?

896.* 181. Did the war continue long in South Carolina, after the battle of Eutaw?

897. 181. During the march of lord Cornwallis in Virginia, by which officers was he impeded and occasionally attacked?

898.* 181. At what place, did lord Cornwallis finally take a station?

899.* 181. In which state, is Yorktown?

900. 181. In conformity with whose instructions, did Cornwallis take this station?

901. 181. Was the choice of this post in accordance with the opinion of Cornwallis himself?

Q.	P.	
902.*	182.	By whom, was York River shortly afterwards blocked up?
903.*	182.	Between what British and French commanders, did an undecisive engagement occur, off the capes of Virginia?
904.*	184.	Mention the names of the two brave American officers who commanded the party that stormed a redoubt before Yorktown?
905.*	185.	Were the British works taken by assault, or were they surrendered by capitulation?
906.*	185.	Mention precisely the day and year when they were surrendered.
907.*	185.	What number of troops surrendered?
908.*	185.	May the capture of the British army at Yorktown be considered as the closing scene of the revolutionary war?
909.	185.	Who were, in consequence, honoured by the thanks of congress?
910.	185.	What orders did general Washington give, after this most important victory?
911.	185.	Moved by a similar feeling, what was resolved by congress?
912.	186.	In what manner, did the French army conduct themselves at Rhode Island?
913.	186.	In what manner, did they behave, in their march to Yorktown?
914.*	186.	After the completion of this conquest, whither did general Washington, with the greater part of his forces, return?
915.	186.	In a desultory skirmish near Charleston, what amiable and intrepid officer was killed?
916.	186.	Near which place was the concluding engagement in Georgia?
917.	186.	In that undecisive engagement, who commanded the Americans?

Q. P.

918.* 187. How many millions sterling had been added to the debt of Britain, by the contest with the United States?

919.* 187. How many lives had she wasted in the contest?

920. 187. Why would not the Americans now agree to the pacific proposals of England?

921.* 187. Amongst the friends of peace, in England, which statesmen are mentioned, as particularly distinguished for their eloquence?

922. 187. Who is mentioned, as having successfully brought forward a pacific resolution in the British house of commons?

923.* 187. To whom, was lord North's office of prime minister assigned?

924.* 187. On the decease of Rockingham, to whom were the chief reins of government intrusted?

925.* 187. Who was the father of William Pitt?

926.* 187. In what year, did lord Chatham die?

927.* 188. In what city, did the commissioners, appointed to treat of peace, assemble?

928.* 188. To whom, did the United States confide their interest, in the important business of pacification?

929. 188. Who were appointed to negotiate, on the part of Great Britain?

930. 188. Which two sovereigns of Europe, were mediators, in promoting the desirable agreement?

931.* 188. When were the preliminary articles of peace signed?

932.* 188. When were they ratified?

933. 188. When was peace proclaimed, in the American army?

934.* 188. How long had the war continued?

Q.	P.	
935.	189.	By whose interposition, and dignified coolness, was the mutiny of the American troops quelled?
936.	189.	What expedient was used, to avoid the inconvenience of dismissing a great number of soldiers in a body?
937.	190.	When was New York evacuated by the British forces?
938.	190.	On what day, did Washington make a public entry into that city?
939.	190.	When bidding adieu to his officers, what expressions did Washington use?
940.*	191.	Where was the seat of congress at this time?
941.*	192.	Who was then president of congress?
942.*	191.	Repeat the last paragraph, except one, of general Washington's address to the president, when resigning his commission.
943.*	192.	After his resignation, whither did Washington hasten?
944.*	192.	Did he remain inactive at Mount Vernon?
945.*	192.	After conventions had assembled in the several states, and formed new constitutions, what laws were retained in practice, as before?
946.*	193.	Can hereditary honours be granted in any of the states?
947.*	193.	What personal titles are recognised by law?
948.	193.	Mention the single instance of deviation from this essential mark of the republican spirit.
949.*	193.	Of how many branches, do the new governments consist?
950.*	193.	Particularize these three.
951.	194.	Why is compensation allowed to members of the legislature?
952.	194.	In what other country, was there anciently a similar regulation?

Q.	P.	
953.*	194.	Why are the terms of representative service short?
954.*	194.	How often are elections for the lower house of the several legislatures, in general, made?
955.	194.	Where was a type-foundry established, several years before the Revolution?
956.	194.	Who was the first person that regularly pursued the business of type-founding in the United States?
957.	194.	Where did Baine settle, and at what period?
958.	195.	When was instituted the American Philosophical Society?
959.	195.	When, and by whom, was the practice of inoculating for the small-pox first introduced, on the American continent?
960.	195.	Into which town, was the small-pox then introduced?
961.*	195.	In what branch of natural philosophy was Dr. Franklin unrivalled?
962.*	196.	For what great discovery, is the world indebted to Dr. Franklin?
963.*	196.	What invention resulted from this discovery?
964.	196.	What institution is particularly mentioned, as having been founded by Franklin?
965.	196.	When was the library founded?
966.*	196.	Do you remember which is the birth-place of Franklin?
967.*	196.	Where, and in what year, did Franklin die?
968.*	196.	At what age?
969.	197.	Who held an honourable station in America, as a botanist?
970.	197.	Who was equally distinguished in astronomy?

CHAPTER VIII.

Q.	P.	
971.	198.	Who headed several thousand disorderly citizens of Massachusetts, in an insurrection?
972.	198.	Of what, did these people complain?
973.	199.	What place, did they attack?
974.	199.	By whose bravery and good conduct, were the insurgents dispersed?
975.	198.	In what year, did this insurrection in Massachusetts occur?
976.*	199.	In accordance with whose motion, was a proposal made by Virginia, to the other states, that they would meet in convention, for the purpose of digesting a new form of government?
977.*	199.	When, and where, did the delegates assemble?
978.*	199.	Whom did they choose as president of this convention?
979.*	199.	Until what day, did they deliberate, before they had agreed on a new plan of national government?
980.	199.	Who were the authors of the book called the Federalist?
981.	199.	Which of these three statesmen, wrote nearly the whole of the essays contained in the Federalist?
982.	199.	What character is given of the Federalist?
983.*	199.	Of what branches, does the congress of the United States consist?
984.*	199.	In which of these branches, is vested the executive power?
985.*	199.	What is a necessary qualification of the president, with regard to his place of birth?
986.*	200.	What must be his age?

Q.	P.	
987.*	200.	During how many years, must he have resided within the country?
988.*	200.	For how many years, do the president and vice-president hold their offices?
989.*	200.	In what manner, are they appointed?
990.*	200.	Of what persons, is the senate composed?
991.*	200.	In what manner, and for how long a period, are the senators chosen?
992.*	200.	What age, must a senator have attained?
993.*	200.	How many years, must he have been a citizen of the United States?
994.*	200.	In what manner, are the members of the house of representatives chosen?
995.*	200.	Is property, or a particular religion, a necessary qualification for members of this house?
996.*	200.	How often, are they chosen?
997.*	200.	What are the necessary qualifications of the electors?
998.*	200.	What age must a representative have attained?
999.*	200.	How many years, must he have been a citizen of the United States?
1000.*	200.	How often does congress assemble?
1001.*	200.	What day is fixed for its meeting?
1002.	200.	From what fund, are the members of congress compensated?
1003.*	201.	What form of government do the United States guarantee to every member of the great political family—the several states?
1004.*	201.	Against what injuries, are they bound to protect each state?
1005.*	201.	Is any religious test required, as a qualification to an office under the United States?
1006.*	201.	How is the judicial power vested?

Q.	P.	
1007.*	201.	When, and at what place, did the new legislature first assemble?
1008.*	201.	Who had previously been chosen president?
1009.*	201.	Were the people unanimous in his election?
1010.*	201.	What age was general Washington, then?
1011.*	203.	At how much, was the annual salary of the president fixed?
1012.*	203.	How much, were the salaries of the vice-president, secretary of state, and secretary of the treasury?
1013.	203.	Who was elected vice-president?
1014.	203.	Who filled the remaining great political departments?
1015.	203.	Who received the office of chief-justice?
1016.	203.	What was the first object of legislative attention?
1017.	203.	For this purpose, what duties were levied, and what taxes imposed?
1018.	204.	How many millions of the general debt of the United States, were funded?
1019.	204.	How many millions were funded of the debts of individual states?
1020.*	204.	To complete the financial department, what institution did colonel Hamilton recommend?
1021.*	204.	In what year, was the bank formed?
1022.	204.	For how many years, was it chartered?
1023.	204.	What was the amount of its capital?
1024.*	205.	Where was placed the parent bank of the United States?
1025.	205.	To whom, was the excise duty on domestic spirits, particularly obnoxious?
1026.	205.	In which town, was held a meeting of delegates, from the malcontents?

Q.	P.	
1027.	205.	In what year, was this meeting?
1028.	206.	What force was it supposed that the insurgent malcontents could bring into the field?
1029.	206.	What number of militia did general Washington require, for the purpose of quelling them?
1030.	206.	Under whose command, did general Washington place these troops?
1031.	206.	What effect was produced by the greatness of this force?
1032.	206.	In what year, was tranquillity restored?
1033.	206.	In the time of the destructive yellow fever, in Philadelphia, in the year 1793, how many died, of that disorder alone?
1034.	206.	How many were then the inhabitants of Philadelphia?
1035.	206.	In that calamitous season, who was the most humane, fearless, and skilful physician, of Philadelphia?
1036.	207.	Where was Dr. Rush born?
1037.	207.	In what year, did Dr. Rush die?
1038.*	207.	When did Vermont become a state?
1039.*	208.	When did Kentucky become a state?
1040.*	208.	By whom, was made the earliest permanent settlement in Kentucky?
1041.	208.	Which is the oldest settlement in that state?
1042.	208.	When was Lexington commenced?
1043.	209.	What cause retarded the extension of settlements beyond the Ohio?
1044.	209.	In what year, was a military force sent, to destroy the Indian settlements on the Scioto and the Wabash?
1045.	209.	Under the command of whom, was this military force?

Q.	P.	
1046.	209.	Was the expedition successful?
1047.	209.	By what cause, was it defeated?
1048.	209.	How many of the troops were killed?
1049.	209.	Was the next attempt against those people, more fortunate?
1050.	209.	What officer was then intrusted with the command?
1051.	209.	What caused his defeat?
1052.	209.	Was the enemy superior, or inferior, in number, to St. Clair's army?
1053.	209.	How many officers and privates were then killed?
1054.	209.	By whom, was St. Clair succeeded?
1055.	209.	In what year, did Wayne reach the ground where St. Clair had been defeated?
1056.	210.	In what year, occurred, a general engagement, between Wayne's army and the Indians?
1057.	210.	What was the issue of that engagement?
1058.	210.	In what year, did Wayne conclude, at Greenville, a treaty with the hostile Indians?
1059.	210.	Who projected a humane system for ameliorating the condition of the Indians?
1060.	210.	Who was amongst the first to execute this humane system?

CHAPTER IX.

1061.*	210.	By what cause, were the United States involved in a foreign war?
1062.*	210.	In the war between France and the other European powers, what did the French Directory require from the United States?

Q.	P.	
1063.	211.	After the king of France (Louis XVI.) had been executed, who was sent as minister to the United States?
1064.	211.	In what manner, did he treat the American Republic?
1065.	211.	In which port, did he land?
1066.	211.	What were his proceedings, there?
1067.*	211.	What line of conduct had the president (general Washington) determined to pursue?
1068.	211.	What unexampled measure, did Genet, in consequence, design?
1069.	211.	What request, did the president then make?
1070.	211.	Did the French government accede to this request?
1071.	211.	In what manner, did Genet's successors conduct themselves?
1072.*	211.	Besides seizing enemies' property, when found on board vessels of the United States, what other hostile measures did the French Directory pursue towards them?
1073.*	212.	Who, in the meantime, succeeded general Washington, as president of the United States?
1074.	212.	Who was, at the same time, chosen as vice-president?
1075.	212.	In what year, did these successions occur?
1076.*	212.	How long, had general Washington filled the office of president?
1077.	212.	When those proceedings of the French government were known in the United States, what feeling did they excite?
1078.*	212.	After authority was given for capturing French armed vessels, by whom were two French frigates captured?
1079.*	212.	In what year, were these captures made?

Q.	P.	
1080.*	212.	Who was, at this time, called to command the American armies?
1081.*	212.	What effect had the determined conduct of the United States?
1082.*	212.	When the American envoys arrived in Paris, and found the Directory overthrown, in whom was vested the chief government of France?
1083.*	212.	Under what title, did Buonaparte then govern?
1084.*	212.	Were the disputes amicably adjusted?
1085.*	212.	To what cause, may be attributed, the greater part of the wealth gained by the merchants of the United States, the increase and experience of her seamen, and the unrivalled prosperity of her farmers?
1086.*	213.	What other power, was there, with which disputes, of not less importance, had to be adjusted?
1087.	213.	Besides the disputes between Great Britain and the United States, arising from the Revolution, what new causes increased the hostile feeling?
1088.	214.	For what reason, was the complaint respecting those searches only partially founded on justice?
1089.*	214.	What ultimate resource was used, for the preservation of peace?
1090.*	214.	In what year, and under whose administration, was Mr. Jay sent to London?
1091.*	214.	What was the result of this mission?
1092.*	214.	Was the favourite maxim of the United States, "that free ships make free goods," abandoned?
1093.*	214.	What was agreed, respecting the search of their merchant-vessels?
1094.*	214.	On what day, and in what year, did the venerated Washington die?

Q.	P.	
1095.*	214.	At what place, did he die?
1096.*	214.	What was his age, at the time of his death?
1097.	214.	Had he been long ill?
1098.	214.	By what disorder, was his death caused?
1099.*	215.	Had general Washington ever any offspring?
1100.*	215.	To whom, had he been married?
1101.	215.	How long, had he been married?
1102.	215.	By his will, who was to inherit Mount Vernon, after the decease of Mrs. Washington?

CHAPTER X.

1103.*	216.	What change had been recommended, with regard to the seat of government?
1104.*	216.	By whom, had this recommendation been made?
1105.*	216.	By which states, was a territory ceded, for this purpose?
1106.*	216.	By what name, is this territory known?
1107.*	216.	In what body, is vested the sovereign authority of the District?
1108.*	216.	In which portion of the District, was the new city founded?
1109.*	216.	What name was given to it?
1110.*	216.	When were the public offices removed to Washington?
1111.*	216.	From which city, were they removed?
1112.*	216.	During how many years, had Philadelphia been the seat of the federal government?
1113.*	217.	Who succeeded John Adams, as president of the United States?
1114.*	217.	How long had John Adams been president?
1115.	217.	Who now filled the office of vice-president?

Q. P.

1116.* 217. In what year, were Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr made president and vice-president?

1117. 217. After the disputes had been settled with the tributary princes at Tunis, Algiers, and Morocco, with what other freebooter, was a similar adjustment impracticable?

1118. 217. Do you remember the name of the officer who defeated a Tripolitan cruiser off Malta?

1119. 217. What was the name of his vessel?

1120. 217. In what year, was that cruiser defeated?

1121. 218. By whom, was the American squadron commanded, that blockaded the port of Tripoli?

1122. 218. What officer, in the Constellation frigate, compelled the Tripolitan gun-boats to retire?

1123. 218. Who commanded the squadron of seven sail, sent against Tripoli, in the year 1803?

1124. 218. Which of his frigates ran upon a rock, and with her crew, was subsequently captured by the Tripolitans?

1125. 218. Who then commanded the Philadelphia?

1126. 219. Can you recollect the name of the young officer, who conceived the design of retaking, or of destroying, the captured frigate?

1127. 219. What was the result of his attempt?

1128. 219. In what year, did this occur?

1129. 219. By whom, were several successful attacks, in the same year, made, on the Tripolitan batteries?

1130. 220. Who was commissioned to concert measures of co-operation with Hamet, the ex-bashaw of Tripoli?

1131. 220. What office had Eaton, for many years, held?

1132. 220. Where did he effect an interview with the exiled sovereign?

Q.	P.	
1133.	220.	Whom did Hamet appoint commander of the forces, destined to accomplish the design of restoring him to the throne?
1134.	220.	From which town in Egypt, did general Eaton and Hamet begin their march?
1135.	220.	Which city, in the regency of Tripoli, did Eaton overcome?
1136.	221.	By what measure, were the fruits of this achievement blasted, before they reached maturity?
1137.	221.	By whom was this treaty negotiated?
1138.	221.	Upon what terms, were the American prisoners released?
1139.	221.	What reward was conferred, by Massachusetts, on general Eaton, for his distinguished good conduct?
1140.*	222.	When did Tennessee become a state?
1141.*	222.	To which of the original states, had Tennessee belonged?
1142.*	222.	When did Ohio become a state?
1143.*	222.	Of what territory, had Ohio formed a portion?
1144.*	222.	Whence came the earliest settlers of Ohio?
1145.*	222.	Under whose superintendence?
1146.	222.	What town did they found?
1147.	222.	In what year, was Marietta founded?
1148.*	222.	From what government, was Louisiana purchased?
1149.*	222.	When was the purchase made?
1150.	222.	What was agreed to be given for Louisiana?
1151.	222.	Was any part of this sum to be retained by the United States?
1152.	222.	On what account, was it to be retained?
1153.*	222.	In what year, was a district of Louisiana formed into a state of the same name?

Q.	P.	
1154.*	223.	Of what vast region, according to the Spanish geography, had Louisiana formed a part?
1155.	223.	By what Europeans, was the interior of Louisiana first explored?
1156.	223.	When was it first explored?
1157.	223.	From what American colony, were the persons sent, for that purpose?
1158.	223.	Who first descended the Mississippi, to its mouth?
1159.	223.	In what year, did La Salle reach its mouth?
1160.	223.	After whom, did he name the country?
1161.	223.	When was New Orleans founded?
1162.	223.	How many inhabitants did Louisiana then contain?
1163.	223.	In what year, did France transfer Louisiana to Spain?
1164.	223.	By what treaty?
1165.	223.	When did Spain restore Louisiana to the French Republic?
1166.	223.	Why did the French find it convenient to assign Louisiana to the United States?
1167.*	223.	What officers were sent with an exploring party to Louisiana?
1168.*	223.	By whom, were their instructions drawn?
1169.*	223.	What were the particular objects of the expedition?
1170.*	223.	Did they perform their task in a satisfactory manner?
1171.	223.	By how many persons, were they accompanied?
1172.*	223.	Where, and in what year, did they embark?
1173.*	224.	What great ocean did they reach?
1174.*	224.	By what river, had they descended to it?
1175.*	224.	In what year, did they return to St. Louis?

Q.	P.	
1176.*	224.	What space of time had elapsed, before their return?
1177.	224.	In going and returning, how many miles had they travelled over?
1178.	224.	Were they often incommoded by the Indians?
1179.	224.	What were their most dangerous enemies?
1180.	225.	Who accomplished an extensive geographical survey of Louisiana?
1181.	225.	In what year, was that survey made?
1182.	225.	Who made researches in the botanical department?
1183.*	226.	Who was, at this period, tried, for a serious offence against the laws of the United States?
1184.*	217.	What public office had Burr filled?
1185.	227.	What criminal designs, was it supposed that he had formed?
1186.	227.	In what city, was he tried?
1187.	227.	In what year, did the trial take place?
1188.	227.	What was the result?
1189.*	226.	Do you remember the name of a distinguished individual, who had been previously killed by Aaron Burr, in a duel?
1190.*	227.	Where, and in what year, was Alexander Hamilton killed?
1191.	226.	What particular instance of opposition to Aaron Burr, by Alexander Hamilton, had caused Burr to challenge him?
1192.	227.	Where was Hamilton born?
1193.	228.	What age had he attained?
1194.*	228.	To what rank in the American army, had he risen?

CHAPTER XI.

Q.	P.	
1195.*	229.	By whom was the Berlin decree issued?
1196.*	229.	In what year, was that decree issued?
1197.*	229.	What was the design of that and the Milan decree?
1198.*	229.	By what decrees, were these followed, on the part of Napoleon's enemy?
1199.*	229.	What was the nature of these?
1200.*	229.	Why was England jealous of America?
1201.*	229.	By what cause, was France enraged against America?
1202.*	229.	What feeling did each of the hostile nations strive to excite in the injured Americans?
1203.*	230.	Besides the injuries committed against the Americans by France and England, in the capture of American vessels, what further cause of irritation existed, arising solely from the conduct of England?
1204.	230.	Which of the American frigates was attacked by the British ship of war Leopard, and forcibly searched for deserters?
1205.	230.	Who then commanded the frigate Chesapeake?
1206.	230.	In what year, did that occur?
1207.	231.	What verdict was pronounced, by a court-martial, against Commodore Barron?
1208.	231.	What measure was soon afterwards adopted by congress, on the recommendation of Mr. Jefferson?
1209.	231.	What was prohibited by the embargo?
1210.	231.	Mention the limit to which the commerce of the American republic, was, in consequence, confined?

Q.	P.	
1211.*	232.	When the embargo law was partially repealed, what restriction was substituted?
1212.*	232.	By whom, was Thomas Jefferson succeeded, in the office of president of the United States?
1213.*	232.	In what year, did James Madison succeed to the presidential duties?
1214.*	232.	How long, had Mr. Jefferson filled that office?
1215.	232.	Between which two ships, was the rencounter that increased the unfriendly sentiments of England?
1216.	232.	When did that unfortunate rencounter happen?
1217.	232.	When every experiment had failed, in producing a change of the system practised by Great Britain and France against American trade, what offer did the United States make, for the respective consideration of the belligerants?
1218.	233.	In what way, did this alternative proposition enable the French ruler to maintain a peace with the United States, and involve the other power, England, in the calamity of war?
1219.	233.	Why would not Great Britain believe, that the French decrees were, at this period, actually annulled?
1220.	233.	After the formal publication of the mysterious annulment of the Berlin and Milan decrees, was the corresponding retraction (or repeal of the orders in council) on the part of England, made in time to prevent hostilities?
1221.*	233.	On what day, and in what year, was war declared against Great Britain?
1222.	233.	What extraordinary communication, made to congress by the president, served to hasten the declaration of war?
1223.	234.	A few days after the declaration of war, which town in the United States, was seriously disturbed?

Q.	P.	
1224.	236.	Mention the name of the general who was killed by the mob?
1225.	237.	By whom, were the Indians defeated at the Tippecanoe?
1226.	237.	Of which great river, is the Tippecanoe a branch?
1227.*	237.	What was the object of the military expedition, placed under the command of general Hull?
1228.*	237.	Against which post in Canada, did general Hull proceed?
1229.*	238.	While general Hull was losing, in vain parade, an opportunity of capturing that post, which fortress, belonging to the United States, did the enemy take by surprise?
1230.*	238.	Where is Michillimackinac situated?
1231.*	238.	To which post in the United States, did Hull then retreat?
1232.	238.	By which British general was he followed to Detroit?
1233.*	238.	Did Hull bravely defend this important post, intrusted to him by his country?
1234.	239.	What territory was included in the capitulation?
1235.	240.	What troops, unconnected with the garrison of Detroit, were included?
1236.*	240.	What sentence was pronounced by a court-martial, against general Hull?
1237.*	240.	When that sentence was withdrawn, what disgraceful substitution was inflicted?
1238.	240.	Where did the Americans receive ample consolation for the surrender of Detroit?
1239.*	240.	By whom, was the British frigate Guerriere captured?
1240.*	240.	What American frigate did captain Hull then command?

Q.	P.	
1241.*	240.	When was this capture made?
1242.*	242.	What was remarkable with respect to this achievement?
1243.*	242.	By whom, was the British frigate Macedonian captured?
1244.*	242.	What American frigate did the victor then command?
1245.	242.	When was this capture made?
1246.	242.	Before this action, where had he particularly distinguished himself?
1247.*	242.	By whom, was the British brig Frolic captured?
1248.*	242.	What sloop of war did the victor then command?
1249.	243.	Mention the revolutionary veteran who sailed from Baltimore, and distinguished himself by a rapid series of success.
1250.	243.	Before the meeting of congress, in November, how many vessels had been captured from the enemy?
1251.	245.	By whom, were the two British vessels, the Detroit and Caledonia, captured?
1252.	245.	Where was this capture made?
1253.*	248.	Whose indefatigable exertions, in creating a fleet upon the northern lakes, produced most beneficial results?
1254.*	249.	By whom, was the British frigate Java captured?
1255.*	249.	What frigate did the captor then command?
1256.	249.	When was this capture made?
1257.	249.	Under whose command, had the Constitution been already distinguished?
1258.*	251.	Where was general Winchester defeated, and his detachment made prisoners?
1259.*	250.	On what river, is Frenchtown situated?

Q.	P.	
1260.	250.	By what English general and Indian leaders, was Winchester defeated?
1261.	251.	To whose charge, did general Proctor assign the American prisoners?
1262.	251.	How were they treated by the Indians?
1263.	251.	Who is mentioned as having acted like a father to the survivors?
1264.*	254.	Of which British province, is York the capital?
1265.*	254.	To whom, did general Dearborne intrust the forces destined against York?
1266.*	254.	When was the attack on York made?
1267.*	255.	In advancing against this place, what caused the death of general Pike?
1268.*	256.	What was the result of the attack upon York?
1269.	256.	What was the amount of the British loss, in killed, wounded, and captured?
1270.	256.	Do you remember the names of the officers particularly mentioned by general Dearborne and commodore Chauncey, for their excellent conduct in the capture of Fort George?
1271.	256.	By what other officers, also, was much honour gained?
1272.	257.	By which officers, was an attack made on the enemy at Burlington Bay?
1273.	257.	What was the result of this attack?
1274.	257.	What was the fate of the American commanders?
1275.*	258.	By which American general, were the British, under sir George Prevost and sir James Yeo, repulsed from Sackett's Harbour?
1276.	259.	By which British admiral, was an attack made on Lewistown, in the state of Delaware?
1277.	259.	By whom, was admiral Beresford repulsed?
1278.	259.	By whom, was the detachment commanded-

Q.	P.	
		which, in the ensuing month, repulsed the British admiral near the same place?
1279.	260.	What British officer is mentioned, as having acted in the most dishonourable manner in Chesapeake Bay?
1280.	260.	Which two places were first plundered and burned by admiral Cockburn?
1281.	260.	Where is Frenchtown situated?
1282.	260.	Where is Havre de Grace situated?
1283.	260.	Which two villages, on the river Sassafras, experienced similar destruction?
1284.	260.	On the arrival of admiral Warren, to what number, was the British naval force in the Chesapeake augmented?
1285.	261.	By whom, were the land-troops on board that fleet commanded?
1286.	261.	Which town was destined as the first object of their attack?
1287.	261.	Where did they endeavour to disembark their troops?
1288.	261.	What was the result of this attempt?
1289.	261.	Who commanded, in that quarter, the American marine force?
1290.	261.	Where is Hampton situated?
1291.	262.	By which British officers, was the successful attack made on Hampton?
1292.*	263.	By whom, was the British brig Peacock captured?
1293.*	263.	What vessel did captain Lawrence then command?
1294.*	264.	What American officer commanded the frigate Chesapeake, when captured by the enemy?
1295.	264.	By what frigate, was the Chesapeake captured?
1296.	264.	Who was commander of the Shannon?

Q.	P.	
1297.	264.	When, and off what harbour, did that unfortunate occurrence happen?
1298.*	265.	What was the fate of captain Lawrence?
1299.	265.	What honour was conferred, by the prince regent of England, on captain Broke?
1300.	265.	Which other American vessel, had, on the 4th of August, the misfortune to be captured?
1301.	266.	Who was commander of the Argus?
1302.	266.	Did captain Allen recover from his severe wound?
1303.	266.	By which of the enemy's vessels, was the Argus captured?
1304.	265.	Where was the Argus, at that time, cruising?
1305.	265.	During the two months' cruise, in that quarter, what service had she performed?
1306.	266.	By what achievement, were the United States soon afterwards consoled for the loss of the Argus?
1307.*	266.	By what American vessel, was the Boxer captured?
1308.*	266.	Who commanded the Enterprise?
1309.	266.	Who was killed on board the American vessel?
1310.*	266.	By whom, was Fort Sandusky most gallantly defended?
1311.	266.	What was then the age of its brave defender?
1312.	267.	How many cannon were in the fort?
1313.	267.	By how many men, was it garrisoned?
1314.	267.	By how many men, was it assailed?
1315.	267.	When was the assault?
1316.*	267.	By whom, was the splendid victory gained on lake Erie?
1317.	268.	Of how many vessels, did the captured squadron consist?

Q.	P.	
1318.	268.	By whom, was it commanded?
1319.*	268.	When was that important capture made?
1320.*	269.	By whom, were the Americans commanded, in the battle of the Thames?
1321.	268.	By whom, were the British commanded?
1322.	269.	Who headed the Indians?
1323.*	269.	Which party was victorious?
1324.	269.	How many prisoners were taken?
1325.	269.	By whom, was Tecumseh killed?
1326.*	270.	What venerable governor of Kentucky bore a distinguished part in that engagement?
1327.*	270.	Where, and in what war, had he already entailed a heavy debt of gratitude upon his country?
1328.	270.	When the American government had again determined to invade Canada, whom did they place at the head of the war-office?
1329.	270.	By whom, was Dearborne succeeded?
1330.	270.	What other officer, from the southern district, was summoned, to aid in the intended enterprise?
1331.	270.	In what quarter, were the troops collected, under Wilkinson?
1332.	270.	How many did they number, and of what description?
1333.	270.	Where did the troops assemble, under Wade Hampton?
1334.	270.	What was their number?
1335.	271.	Which other officers, considered the ablest in the Union, accompanied the expedition against Canada?
1336.	271.	Which Canadian town was the first object of attack?

Q.	P.	
1337.	271.	Who commanded the Americans, in a brilliant rencounter at Chrystler's-field?
1338.	271.	In what month, and in what year, was that engagement?
1339.	271.	What cause stopped any farther prosecution of the campaign?
1340.	271.	Why was the government censured, for having associated Wilkinson and Hampton?
1341.	272.	Which towns were burned by the enemy, in retaliation for the burning of the Canadian village, Newark?
1342.	272.	In which territories, were several millions of acres surveyed, for military bounties?
1343.	272.	When did a vessel, with a British flag of truce, arrive at Annapolis?
1344.	272.	What was announced by this vessel?
1345.*	273.	At what town, in Europe, was it agreed that commissioners, to negotiate a peace, should assemble?
1346.*	273.	Who were appointed commissioners, on the part of the United States?
1347.*	273.	To whom, was now assigned, Mr. Clay's office of speaker of the house of representatives?
1348.	273.	By whom, was general Wilkinson succeeded, as commander of the American armies?
1349.	274.	Which towns, in New England, had, in the beginning of April, to lament the entire destruction of their shipping?
1350.	274.	Which territories were, soon afterwards, completely subdued by the invaders?
1351.	275.	At what town, in the north, were the enemy defeated, by its gallant inhabitants?
1352.*	275.	Before being constrained to yield the Essex at Valparaiso, how many armed ships had commodore Porter taken from the enemy, and how many guns did they carry?

Q.	P.	
1353.*	275.	By whom, was the British brig Epervier, captured?
1354.*	275.	What vessel did Warrington then command?
1355.*	275.	By whom, were the British vessels, Reindeer, Avon, and Atlanta, captured?
1356.*	275.	What vessel did Blakely then command?
1357.*	275.	By whom, was the English brig, Penguin, captured?
1358.*	275.	What vessel did Biddle then command?
1359.*	275.	By whom, were the British vessels Cyane and Levant, captured?
1360.*	276.	What vessel did captain Stewart then command?
1361.*	276.	When did the battle of Chippeway occur?
1362.*	276.	Who commanded the Americans at Chippeway?
1363.	276.	Who commanded the British?
1364.*	276.	Which army gained the victory?
1365.*	276.	Which battle is placed in the foremost rank of all the engagements yet fought in this war?
1366.*	276.	Who commanded the Americans at Niagara?
1367.*	276.	What British officers, of high rank, were captured in this engagement?
1368.	276.	In those two actions, which American generals conducted their several divisions in the brave and able manner insured by their previous conduct?
1369.	276.	Which officers, of inferior stations, were not less energetic in their duty?
1370.	276.	Who continued to be distinguished, as an officer of artillery?
1371.	276.	Who repelled a formidable attack on Fort Erie?
1372.	276.	Did these conspicuous proofs of military good

Q.	P.	
		conduct enable the Americans to enlarge the boundaries of their conquests?
1373.	276.	Was the third invasion of Canada, therefore, terminated?
1374.*	276.	What intelligence arrived in the United States, early in the month of June?
1375.*	278.	Who commanded the British troops at Bladensburg?
1376.*	278.	By what admiral, were they accompanied?
1377.	277.	What was the number of the enemy?
1378.*	277.	Who commanded the Americans?
1379.	277.	How many men had the American general, actually assembled or approaching?
1380.*	278.	Which party was victorious?
1381.*	279.	Which two American officers were conspicuous for bravery, at Bladensburg?
1382.*	278.	When was the battle fought?
1383.*	280.	Which city did general Ross enter, in the evening after the battle?
1384.*	280.	What fine building did the invaders burn?
1385.	280.	What public offices shared in the conflagration?
1386.*	280.	In retaliation for the burning of what places did general Ross endeavour to justify the destruction of these buildings?
1387.	280.	What loss did the victors sustain in their approach to Washington, and in their retreat?
1388.	280.	What loss did the vanquished suffer?
1389.	281.	From which town on the Potomac, did the enemy convey a large quantity of merchandise?
1390.	281.	Which town, was it generally supposed, would be next attacked?

Q.	P.	
1391.*	282.	Who took charge of the principal batteries, on the high ground near Baltimore?
1392.*	282.	Who had the command of all the forces?
1393.	282.	Which British admiral entered the Patapsco, with a large fleet?
1394.*	282.	Who commanded the British troops which landed at North Point?
1395.*	282.	Who commanded the division sent to impede their progress?
1396.*	282.	What is related of general Ross?
1397.*	282.	Which fort was, in the meantime, furiously assailed?
1398.*	282.	To whose charge, was the fort confided?
1399.*	282.	When did the action at North Point and the bombardment of Fort M'Henry occur?
1400.*	283.	When the enemy found their bombardment ineffectual, on what measure did they resolve?
1401.*	283.	Which officer defeated a British squadron, on Lake Champlain?
1402.	284.	How many of the enemy were taken prisoners?
1403.*	283.	Who repulsed the enemy, under sir George Prevost, from Plattsburg?
1404.*	283.	When did these two signal defeats of the enemy occur?
1405.*	287.	Do you recollect the name of the British officer who had the chief command of the forces sent against New Orleans?
1406.*	287.	Under whose orders were the Americans, who so gloriously repulsed the assailants?
1407.	287.	Which officers commanded the Kentucky militia?
1408.	287.	Who commanded the Tennessee forces?
1409.*	286.	Under whose orders was the American naval squadron?

Q.	P.	
1410.*	287.	What was the total number of the enemy?
1411.*	287.	What was the number of Jackson's force?
1412.*	287.	On what day, and in what year, were the enemy totally defeated, in attempting to storm the American lines at New Orleans?
1413.*	288.	On this memorable day, what loss was suffered by the British?
1414.*	288.	What was the loss of the Americans?
1415.*	289.	Which British general fell early in the action?
1416.*	289.	To whom, was Packenham related?
1417.*	289.	Which distinguished British officers were dangerously wounded?
1418.*	289.	Which of these survived only a few days?

CHAPTER XII.

1419.*	289.	When was a treaty of peace signed at Ghent, between Great Britain and the United States?
1420.*	289.	When was it ratified in America?
1421.	289.	What were the stipulations of the treaty?
1422.	289.	What was determined respecting the causes of the war?
1423.*	289.	How long had hostilities continued?
1424.*	289.	For the purpose of distinction, how will the contest be known?
1425.*	289.	How much did it increase the public debt?
1426.*	289.	How much did it make the whole national arrears?
1427.	289.	By what cause, was the germe of a lasting evil created?
1428.*	290.	At what number of men was fixed the peace establishment of the regular army?
1429.*	290	How many vessels of the navy were afloat on

Q. P.

the Atlantic, and of what description were they?

1430.* 290. When, and in what city, was the national mint established?

1431.* 290. When was instituted the military academy at West Point?

CHAPTER XIII.

1432.* 292. In what year, had the charter of the first national bank expired?

1433.* 292. When was the second national bank organized?

1434. 292. What was the amount of its capital?

1435. 292. How long was it to continue?

1436.* 292. When the first president of the bank, in consequence of improper management, was removed, who was appointed in his place?

1437.* 293. Who succeeded James Madison, as president of the United States?

1438.* 293. In what year, did he succeed Mr. Madison?

1439.* 293. How long had Mr. Madison filled the office?

1440.* 293. When did commodore Perry die?

1441.* 293. When was Decatur killed in a duel?

1442.* 293. Where, and by whom, was he killed?

1443.* 294. To what number, was the regular army reduced, in 1821?

1444.* 295. At the same period, what were the number and description of the navy, fit for service?

1445.* 295. Since the admission of Louisiana, in 1812, how many states have been received into the Union?

1446.* 295. Mention their names?

1447.* 295. When was Indiana admitted?

Q.	P.	
1448.*	295.	When was Mississippi admitted?
1449.*	295.	When did Alabama become a state?
1450.*	295.	When did Maine and Missouri become states?
1451.*	295.	Of which territory, are Indiana and Illinois sections?
1452.*	295.	To which state, did Mississippi and Alabama belong?
1453.*	295.	From which state, was Maine separated?
1454.*	295.	From which tract, was Missouri divided?
1455.*	295.	Why cannot slavery exist in Indiana and Illinois?
1456.*	295.	How many were the original states of the American Republic?
1457.*	295.	What is their number now (year 1821)?
1458.*	295.	By which nation, was Florida ceded to the United States?
1459.*	295.	In what year, was the cession ratified by the king of Spain?
1460.*	295.	When was the cession ratified by the president and senate of the United States?
1461.	295.	What sum was named as the price of Florida?
1462.	295.	Why is not this sum to be paid to Spain?
1463.*	298.	In which year, did Jonathan Hulls obtain a patent from George II. for the invention of a steam-boat?
1464.*	298.	When did Fitch propel a boat, by the same principle, on the Delaware?
1465.*	298.	When did Miller, of Scotland, make a passage to and from Sweden, in a steam-boat of his own construction?
1466.*	298.	In what year, did Fulton render the plan susceptible of little farther improvement?
1467.*	299.	In which of the American states, was Fulton born?
1468.*	299.	When, and where, did Fulton die?

Q.	P.	
1469.	299.	Do you remember the names of the distinguished foreigners who visited the United States?
1470.	299.	Where did Dr. Priestley die?
1471.	299.	Where did Thomas Paine die?
1472.*	299.	When was recorded the fourth census of the inhabitants of the United States?
1473.*	300.	What was then the amount of their population?
1474.*	300.	How many persons were slaves?
1475.	300.	How many did the inhabitants of Boston and New York respectively number?
1476.	300.	How many were the inhabitants, respectively, of Philadelphia and Baltimore?
1477.	300.	What was the population of Washington?
1478.	300.	What was the population of Charleston, and of New Orleans?
1479.*	300.	Who raised the first voice in America, against the practice of holding slaves?
1480.*	300.	When did he publish his "Considerations on the keeping of Negroes?"
1481.*	300.	Who afterwards acquired a higher rank amongst philanthropists?
1482.*	301.	By which state, was made the first law for the gradual abolition of slavery?
1483.*	301.	In what year, was that law made?
1484.*	301.	In how many of the states, have similar laws since been passed?
1485.*	301.	Since which year, has the importation of slaves, into the United States, been prohibited, by congress?
1486.*	301.	When was a settlement commenced at Sierra Leone, for colonizing free people of colour?

THE END.

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